Subordinate Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2011

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Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This subordinate local law may be cited as Subordinate Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2011.

2 Purpose and how it is to be achieved

- (1) The purpose of this subordinate local law is to supplement *Local Law No. 2* (Animal Management) 2011, which provides for regulation of the keeping and control of animals within the local government's area.
- (2) The purpose is to be achieved by providing for-
 - (a) the circumstances in which the keeping of animals is prohibited or requires approval; and
 - (b) requirements for keeping animals, including minimum standards, mandatory desexing, proper enclosures, koala conservation and identification; and
 - (c) the control of animals in public places; and
 - (d) matters regarding the impounding of animals and the sale or disposal of impounded animals; and
 - (e) the conditions to be complied with by persons who offer animals, or a particular species of animal, for sale; and
 - (f) the declaration of a species of animal as a declared dangerous animal and the criteria for declaration of a specific animal as a declared dangerous animal.

3 Authorising local law

The making of the provisions in this subordinate local law is authorised by *Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2011* (the *authorising local law)*.

4 Definitions

- (1) Particular words used in this subordinate local law have the same meaning as provided for in the authorising local law.
- (2) The dictionary in schedule 14 defines particular words used in this subordinate local law.

Part 2 Keeping of animals

5 Circumstances in which keeping animals prohibited - Authorising local law, s 5(1)

For section 5(1) of the authorising local law, keeping an animal or animals mentioned in column 1 of schedule 1 is prohibited in the circumstances described in column 2 of schedule 1.

6 Circumstances in which keeping animals requires approval - Authorising local law, s 6(1)

For section 6(1) of the authorising local law, keeping an animal or animals of the species or breed mentioned in column 1 of schedule 2 requires approval in the circumstances described in column 2 of schedule 2.

7 Animals that must be desexed - Authorising local law, s 7

For section 7 of the authorising local law, an animal of the species or breed mentioned in column 1 of schedule 3 must be desexed once it reaches the age specified in column 2 of schedule 3 except in the circumstances described in column 3 of schedule 3.

7A What registration form must state - Authorising local Law, s7C

- (1) For section 7C of the authorising local law, a registration form for the registration of a cat must-
 - (a) be in the prescribed form; and
 - (b) state all of the following information about the owner of the cat-
 - (i) name;
 - (ii) residential address;
 - (iii) contact telephone number;
 - (iv) email address, if any; and
 - (c) state all of the following information about the cat-
 - (i) age;
 - (ii) breed;
 - (iii) colour;
 - (iv) sex;
 - (v) any other noticeable distinguishing features or marks;
 - (vi) address;
 - (vii) if it is desexed-that it is desexed.
- (2) In this section, the *address* for a cat is the address of the place where the cat is usually kept or proposed to be kept.

7B Local government must give registration notice - Authorising local Law, s7E(3)

For section 7E(3) of the authorising local law, a registration notice must-

(a) be given to the owner within 14 days after the cat is registered by the local government; and

- (b) state-
 - (i) the information, for the owner and the cat, required to be given under sections 7C and 7D(2) of the authorising local law; and
 - (ii) the period of the registration.

7C Local government must give renewal notice - Authorising local Law, s7H(3)

For section 7H(3) of the authorising local law, a renewal notice must-

- (a) be given at least 14 days before the period of registration for the cat expires; and
- (b) state-
 - (i) the information, for the owner and the cat, stated in the register of cats maintained by the local government; and
 - (ii) the period of renewal of registration; and
 - (iii) that the owner must, within 7 days, give the local government notice of any change to the information.

8 Minimum standards for keeping animals - Authorising local law, s 8(1)

- (1) For section 8(1) of the authorising local law, the minimum standards for the keeping of animals are set out in schedule 4.
- (2) For section 8(1) of the authorising local law, column 2 of schedule 5 sets out the minimum standards for keeping an animal of the species or breed mentioned in column 1 of schedule 5.

9 Identification for dogs in certain circumstances - Authorising local law, s 9

For section 9 of the authorising local law, the identification required for a dog that is at a place other than the address stated in the registration notice for the dog is the registration device mentioned in section 12(32) of the *Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008*.

Part 3 Control of animals

10 Public places where animals are prohibited - Authorising local law, s 10(1)

For section 10(1) of the authorising local law, the species or breeds of animals mentioned in column 2 of schedule 6 are prohibited in the public places described in column 1 of schedule 6.

11 Dog off-leash areas - Authorising local law, s 11(1)

For section 11(1) of the authorising local law, the areas described in schedule 7 are

designated as dog off-leash areas.

12 Animal faeces in public places - Authorising local law, s 13

For section 13 of the authorising local law, no other species of animal is prescribed as an animal whose faeces must be removed from a public place and disposed of in a sanitary way.

13 Requirements for proper enclosures for keeping animals - Authorising local law, s 14(2)

For section 14(2) of the authorising local law, column 2 of schedule 8 sets out the requirements for proper enclosures for an animal of the species or breed mentioned in column 1 of schedule 8.

14 Koala conservation - Authorising local law, s 15

- (1) For section 15(1) of the authorising local law, schedule 9 sets out the requirements for keeping a dog on land that is within a koala area.
- (2) For section 15(4) of the authorising local law, each area described in schedule 10 is designated as a koala area.

15 Criteria for declared dangerous animals - Authorising local law, s 19(1)

For section 19(1) of the authorising local law, the criteria for declaring an animal as a declared dangerous animal are set out in schedule 11.

Part 4 Seizure, impounding or destruction of animals

16 Place of care for impounded animals - Authorising local law, s 24

For section 24 of the authorising local law, the place of care for animals impounded by the local government will be operated by the local government.

17 Animals that may be disposed of without auction or tender - Authorising local law, s 32(1)(b)

For section 32(1)(b) of the authorising local law, the species, breeds or classes of animal that may be sold by private agreement, destroyed or disposed of in some other way are the following-

- (a) dogs; and
- (b) cats; and
- (c) other small domestic animals.

18 Register of impounded animals - Authorising local law, s 33(3)

For section 33(3) of the authorising local law, the register of impounded animals will be kept at the local government's public office.

Part 5 Appeals against destruction orders

This part in the authorising local law does not contain any matters to be provided for by subordinate local law.

Part 6 Miscellaneous

19 Conditions regarding sale of animals - Authorising local law, s 42(1)

For the purposes of section 42(1) of the authorising local law, persons who offer for sale an animal of a species or breed mentioned in column 1 of schedule 12 must comply with the conditions set out in column 2 of schedule 12.

20 Animals excluded from application of the local law - Authorising local law, schedule

For the purposes of the definition of "animal" in the schedule to the authorising local law, animals of the fish species are excluded from the application of the authorising local law.

21 Species that are declared dangerous animals - Authorising local law, schedule

For the purposes of the definition of "declared dangerous animal" in the schedule to the authorising local law, no species of animal is declared to be a declared dangerous animal.

22 Prescribed period for reclaiming animals - Authorising local law, schedule

For the purposes of the definition of "prescribed period" in the schedule to the authorising local law, the period within which an animal may be reclaimed is-

- (a) if the animal is a horse, cow, registered cat, registered dog or other identifiable animal-5 days; and
- (b) if the animal is an unregistered cat, unregistered dog or an animal which is not an identifiable animal-3 days.

Schedule 1 Prohibition on keeping animals

	Column 1	Column 2
	Animal	Circumstances in which keeping of animal or animals is prohibited
1	Dog	(a) More than 4 dogs (other than working dogs) over the age of 3 months on an allotment with an area less than 2,500m ² .
		Note-
		An approval is required to keep more than 2 dogs (other than working dogs) over the age of 3 months on an allotment with an area less than $2,500\text{m}^2$ -see schedule 2, item $2(a)$.
		(b) More than 4 dogs (other than working dogs) over the age of 3 months on an allotment with an area between 2,500m² and 4,000m².
		Note-
		An approval is required to keep more than 3 dogs (other than working dogs) over the age of 3 months on an allotment with an area between $2,500\text{m}^2$ and $4,000\text{m}^2$ -see schedule 2, item $2(b)$.
		(c) More than 4 dogs (other than working dogs) over the age of 3 months on an allotment with an area between 4,001m ² and 40,000m ² .
		(d) More than 5 dogs (other than working dogs) over the age of 3 months on an allotment with an area more than $40,000\text{m}^2$.
		(e) More than 2 dogs over the age of 3 months on multi-residential premises.
		Note-
		An approval is required to keep more than 1 dog over the age of 3 months on multi-residential premises - see schedule 2, item 2(c).
		(f) Any of the following breeds anywhere in the local government area: American pit bull terrier or pit bull terrier; dogo Argentina; fila Brasileiro; Japanese tosa; Perro de Presa Canario or Presa Canario.
2	Cat	(a) More than 2 cats over the age of 3 months on an allotment in a designated town area.
		(b) More than 1 cat over the age of 3 months on multi- residential premises.

		-	
3	Horse or cow	 (a) An animal to which this item 3 applies on an allotment in a designated town area with an area less than 4000 m². (b) A density of animals to which this item 3 applies on an allotment in a designated town area that is greater than 1 animal per 4000 m². 	
4	Donkey, stallion or bull	An animal to which this item 4 applies on premises in a designated town area.	
5	Sheep, goat, alpaca or llama	(a) An animal to which this item 5 applies on an allotment in a designated town area with an area less than 4000m^2 .	
		(b) A density of animals to which this item 5 applies on an allotment in a designated town area that is greater than 1 animal per 1000m ² .	
6	Peacock, rooster or guinea fowl	A bird to which this item 6 applies on premises in a designated town area.	
7	Pig	A pig on premises in a designated town area.	
8	Poultry (other than a rooster) duck or goose	A bird to which this item 8 applies on an allotment in a designated town area with an area less than 500m ² .	
9	Bees	A hive on an allotment in a designated town area with an are less than 45000 m ² .	
10	Budgerigar, canary or other bird of a similar size	More than 20 birds to which this item 10 applies on an allotment in a designated town area.	
11	Racing pigeons	More than 20 racing pigeons on an allotment in a designated town area.	

A prohibition prescribed in this schedule does not apply to the keeping of an animal or animals on premises in circumstances as follows-

- (a) if the animal or animals is an animal other than a dog-
 - (i) the animal or animals were kept on the premises before the commencement of the authorising local law; and
 - (ii) the keeping of the animal or animals on the premises immediately before the commencement of the authorising local law did not contravene any provision of a local law of the local government that was repealed contemporaneously with the making of the authorising local law;
- (b) if the animal or animals is a dog-
 - (i) the animal or animals were kept on the premises before the commencement of *Animal Management (Amendment) Subordinate Local Law (No. 2) 2019;*

and

(ii) the keeping of the animal or animals on the premises immediately before the commencement of *Animal Management (Amendment) Subordinate Local Law (No. 2) 2019* did not contravene any provision of the authorising local law.

Schedule 2 Requirement for approval to keep animal

	Column 1 Species or breed of animal	Column 2 Circumstances in which keeping of animal or animals requires approval 1	
1	Poultry (other than a rooster), duck or goose	More than 10 birds to which this item 1 applies on an allotment in a designated town area.	
2.	Dog	(a) More than 2 dogs (other than working dogs) over the age of 3 months on an allotment with an area less than 2,500m ² . Note-	
		Keeping more than 4 dogs (other than working dogs) over the age of 3 months on an allotment with an area less than $2,500m^2$ is prohibited - see schedule 1, item $1(a)$.	
		(b) More than 3 dogs (other than working dogs) over the age of 3 months on an allotment with an area between $2,500\text{m}^2$ and $4,000\text{m}^2$.	
		Note-	
		Keeping more than 4 dogs (other than working dogs) over the age of 3 months on an allotment with an area between $2,500\text{m}^2$ and $4,000\text{m}^2$ is prohibited - see schedule 1, item 1 (b).	
		(c) More than 1 dog over the age of 3 months on multi-residential premises.	
		Note-	
		Keeping more than 2 dogs over the age of 3 months on multi-residential premises is prohibited-see schedule 1, item 1(e).	

3.	Bees	(a) More than 2 hives on an allotment with an area of 500–1,000m²; (b) More than 5 hives on an allotment with an area of 1,000–2,000m²; (c) More than 10 hives on an allotment with an area of 2,000–4,000m²

¹ See Local Law No. I (Administration) 2011 and Subordinate Local Law No.1.5 (Administration) 2011-2025 in relation to the requirements and processes for approvals (e.g. form of application for approval, documents and materials that must accompany applications, criteria for granting approval, conditions that must be imposed on approvals, conditions that will ordinarily be imposed on approvals, term of approval, third party certification of applications).

1

Schedule 3 Requirement to desex animal

Column 1 Species or breed of animal	Column 2 Age at which animal must be desexed	Column 3 Exemptions to the requirement for desexing
No species or breed of animal mentioned		

Schedule 4 Minimum standards for keeping animals generally

Section 8(1)

- (1) A person who keeps an animal on premises must -
 - (a) ensure that the animal is adequately identified so that the owner's name, address and telephone number are readily ascertainable; and
 - (b) ensure that waste waters from enclosures are drained in a nuisance free manner and that run-off is kept off adjoining premises or as otherwise directed by an authorised person; and
 - (c) ensure that excreta, food scraps and other material that is, or is likely to become, offensive is collected at least daily and, if not immediately removed from the premises, is kept in a waste container of a kind approved by an authorised person; and
 - (d) ensure that any enclosure in which the animal is kept is properly maintained in-
 - (i) a clean and sanitary condition; and
 - (ii) an aesthetically acceptable condition; and
 - (e) take all reasonable steps to prevent the animal from making a noise or disturbance that causes a nuisance or disturbance to the occupiers of-
 - (i) adjoining premises; or
 - (ii) premises in the vicinity of the land on which the animal is ordinarily kept; and
 - (f) ensure that the area available to the animal kept on the premises is appropriately sized so that the animal can be effectively and comfortably kept; and
 - (g) ensure that the keeping of the animal on the premises does not cause an animal noise nuisance; and
 - (h) if the animal is a dog and the dog is required to be registered by the person in the local government area of the local government comply with section 46 of the Animal Management Act to register the dog in the local government area as required by section 44 of the Animal Management Act.
- 2. For the purposes of section l(g), the keeping of an animal on premises causes an animal noise nuisance if-
 - (a) the animal makes a noise which-
 - (i) occurs more than once; and
 - (ii) disrupts or inhibits an activity ordinarily carried out on adjoining or nearby residential premises; or

Example for section 2(a)(ii)-

The barking of a dog which disrupts a person -

(a) holding a conversation; or

- (b) watching television; or
- (c) listening to a radio or recorded material; or
- (d) sleeping.

In order for an animal noise nuisance to occur, it is not necessary that the degree of interference from the barking is such as to be continuous, or to make it practically impossible to-

- (a) hold a conversation; or
- (b) watch television; or
- (c) listen to a radio or recorded material at ordinary volumes; or
- (d) fall or stay asleep.

Any occurrence by which a person is woken from sleep, or by which a person is distracted or annoyed during the course of carrying out some other ordinary activity, in a way which would not occur in the absence of the dog barking, is a disruption to or an inhibition of an activity ordinarily carried out on residential premises. It is not necessary that the barking totally drowns out the sound of the conversation, television, radio or recorded material. It is sufficient if attention is merely diverted from this sound by the barking of the dog. It is not necessary that it be a repeated or ongoing interruption of sleep or that it be the total shattering of sleep.

- (b) the animal makes a noise that is excessive in all the circumstances, and an animal makes a noise that is excessive in all the circumstances if-
 - (i) the noise is made for more than a total of 6 minutes in any hour from 7.00am to 10.00pm on any day; or
 - (ii) the noise is made for more than a total of 3 minutes in any 30 minute period on any day after 10.00pm or before 7.00am.

Schedule 5 Minimum standards for keeping particular animals

Section 8(2)

	Column 1	Column 2	
	Species or breed of animal	Minimum standards for keeping animals	
1	Greyhound	Each owner of, and responsible person for, a greyhound must ensure that the dog is kept-	
		(a) without nuisance; and	
		(b) if a code of practice for the keeping of greyhounds has been approved by the Greyhound Racing Authority of Queensland-in accordance with the requirements of the code of practice.	
2	Horse, donkey, cow, bull, ox, deer and other domesticated	Each owner of, and responsible person for, an animal specified in column 1, item 2 which is kept on premises must ensure that any enclosure in which the animal is kept is not located within a radius of 10m of-	
	animals of a similar size and sheep,	(a) a residence on adjoining premises; or	
	goat, pig and other animals of a similar size	(b) a place used for the manufacture, preparation or storage of food intended for human consumption other than a domestic kitchen used solely for domestic purposes by the owner or responsible person for the animal; or	
		(c) a place used for the storage of food (other than food kept in hermetically sealed packages).	
3	Budgerigar, canary and other birds of a	Each owner of, and responsible person for, a bird specified in column 1, item 3 must ensure that-	
	similar size and cockatiel and other	(a) the bird is kept without nuisance; and	
	birds of a similar size and cockatoo,	(b) the bird is contained within an enclosed cage or aviary; and	
	galah and other birds of a similar	(c) the bird's food is kept in a properly sealed, vermin proof container; and	
	size	(d) the cage or aviary in which the bird is kept on the premises is-	
		(i) thoroughly cleaned at least once each week; and	
		(ii) not located less than lm from the side or rear boundaries of the premises; and	
		(e) if a code of practice for the keeping of birds of a relevant species has been approved by the local	

		_	rernment-the bird is kept in accordance with the uirements of the code of practice.
4	Pigeons	Each owner of, and responsible person for, pigeons which are kept on premises must ensure that-	
		(a) the	pigeons are kept without nuisance; and
		` /	pigeons contained within an enclosed cage wiary; and
		` '	pigeon's food is kept in a properly sealed, min proof container; and
		(d) the	cage or aviary in which the pigeons are kept is-
		(i)	thoroughly cleaned at least once each week; and
		(ii)	located at the rear of, and behind, any residence situated on the premises; and
		bee pig	code of practice for the keeping of pigeons has in approved by the local government-the eons are kept in accordance with the uirements of the code of practice.
5	Bees	Each owner of, and responsible person for, bees which are kept on premises must ensure that-	
		(a) the	bees are kept without nuisance; and
		•	bees is not located within a radius of 10m of-
		(i)	a residence on adjoining premises; or
		(ii)	a place used for the manufacture, preparation or storage of food intended for human consumption other than a domestic kitchen used solely for domestic purposes by the owner or responsible person for the bees; or
		(iii)	a place used for the storage of food (other than food kept in hermetically sealed packages); and
		kee	ch beehive constructed for the purpose of eping bees is adequately identified so that the ner's name, address and telephone number are dily ascertainable; and
		has bee	code of practice for the keeping of bees exists been approved by the local government—the es are kept in accordance with the requirements the that code of practice; and
		kee	legislative and other requirements for the eping of bees, such as registration under osecurity legislation are adhered to.

6	Duck, drake, goose,	Each owner of, and responsible person for, a bird identified in
	turkey, rooster,	column 1 item 6 which is kept on premises must ensure
	peacock, peahen,	that-

ostri	ch, emu and	(a)	the bi	rd is kept without nuisance; and
poul	try	(b)	the bi	rd is contained within an enclosure; and
		(c)		rd's food is kept in a properly sealed, vermin proof iner; and
		(d)	the en	closure in which the bird is kept is-
			(i)	thoroughly cleaned at least once each week; and
			(ii)	located at the rear of, and behind, any residence situated on the premises; and
		(e)		nclosure in which the bird is kept is not located in a radius of 10m of-
			(i)	a residence on adjoining premises; or
			(ii)	a place used for the manufacture, preparation or storage of food intended for human consumption other than a domestic kitchen used solely for domestic purposes by the owner or responsible person for the bird; or
			(iii)	a place used for the storage of food (other than food kept in hermetically sealed packages); and
		(f)	locate	nclosure in which the bird is kept is not ed less than 1 m from the side or rear daries of the premises.

Schedule 6 Prohibition of animals in public places

Column 1 Public place	Column 2 Species or breed of animals prohibited
No public place described.	promise promis

Schedule 7 Dog off-leash areas

Section 11

Shady's Lagoon at the Charles Street Entrance of the Adungadoo Pathway (lot 207 on plan R861).

Schedule 8 Requirements for proper enclosures for animals

	Column 1	Column 2
	Species or breed of animal	Requirements for proper enclosures
1	All animals regardless of species or breed	(1) A proper enclosure is an area of the land on which the animal is kept, appropriately sized so as to be capable of effectively and comfrotably comfortably housing the animal.
		(2) The area must be suitably fenced-
		(a) appropriate to the species and breed of the animal to be enclosed; and
		(b) so as to effectively enclose the animal on the land on which it is kept at all times.
		(3) For the purposes of this item 1 <i>suitably fenced</i> means enclosed by a fence -
		(a) constructed of materials which are of sufficient strength to prevent the animal from escaping over, under or through the fence; and
		(b) of a height which is sufficient to prevent the animal jumping or climbing over the fence; and
		(c) where the animal has the ability to dig - which includes a barrier installed directly below the fence to prevent the animal digging its way out; and
		(d) where the animal has the ability to climb - designed and constructed in such a way as to prevent the animal from climbing over the fence; and
		(e) of which all gates are kept closed and latched except when in immediate use by a person entering or leaving the land on which the animal is kept.
2	Horse	(1) A proper enclosure for the keeping of a horse must, in addition to the requirements specified in item 1 -
		(a) effectively enclose the horse so that the horse can not reach over or through the fence to adjoining land or any public place; and
		(b) where the animal is a stallion-the enclosure must be constructed within an additional or second suitable and adequate fence or enclosure that is provided at the land on which the stallion is kept to a standard approved by an authorised person.

Schedule 9 Requirements for keeping a dog in a koala area

Section 14(1)

No requirements prescribed.

Koala areas² Schedule 10

Section 14(2)

No area designated.

² "Koala areas" under section 15(4) of the authorising local law comprise the areas designated **in** this schedule plus

[&]quot;koala habitat areas" designated by a State planning instrument or a conservation plan made under the Nature Conservation Act 1992.

Schedule 11 Criteria for declared dangerous animals

Section 15

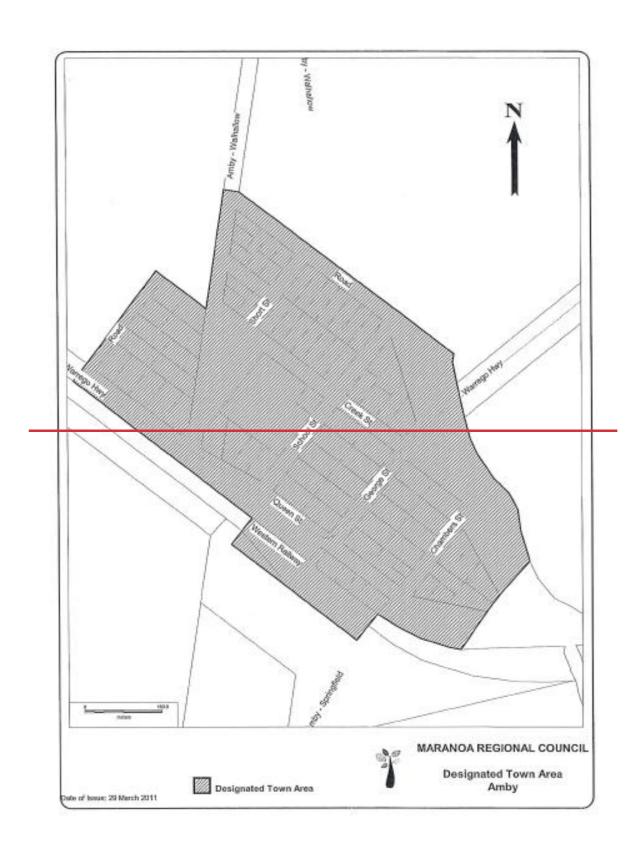
There is a high likelihood of the animal causing injury to a person or animal or damage to property, taking into account-

- (a) its prior history of attacking or causing fear to persons or animals or damaging property; and
- (b) the extent of injury or damage that could potentially be inflicted by an animal of its size and species or breed.

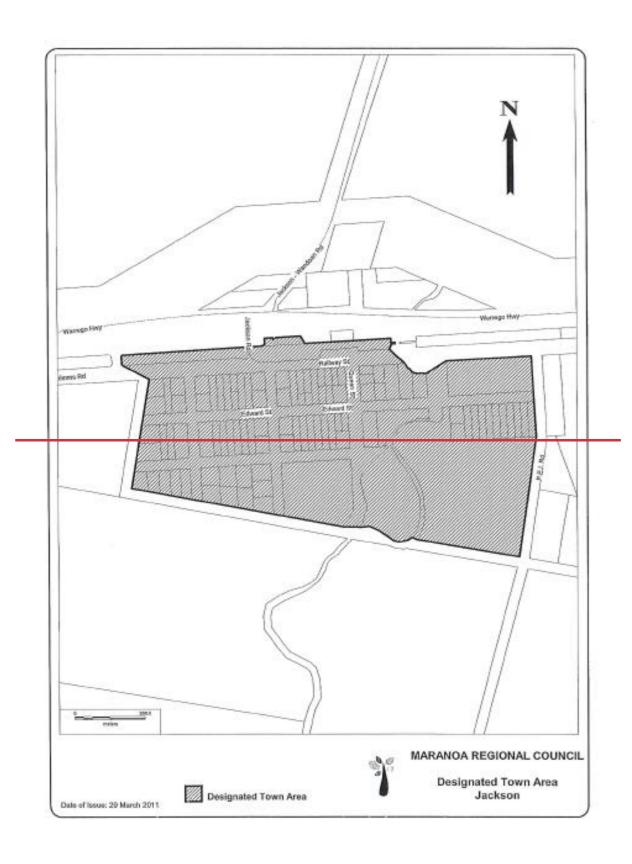
Schedule 12 Conditions for sale of animals

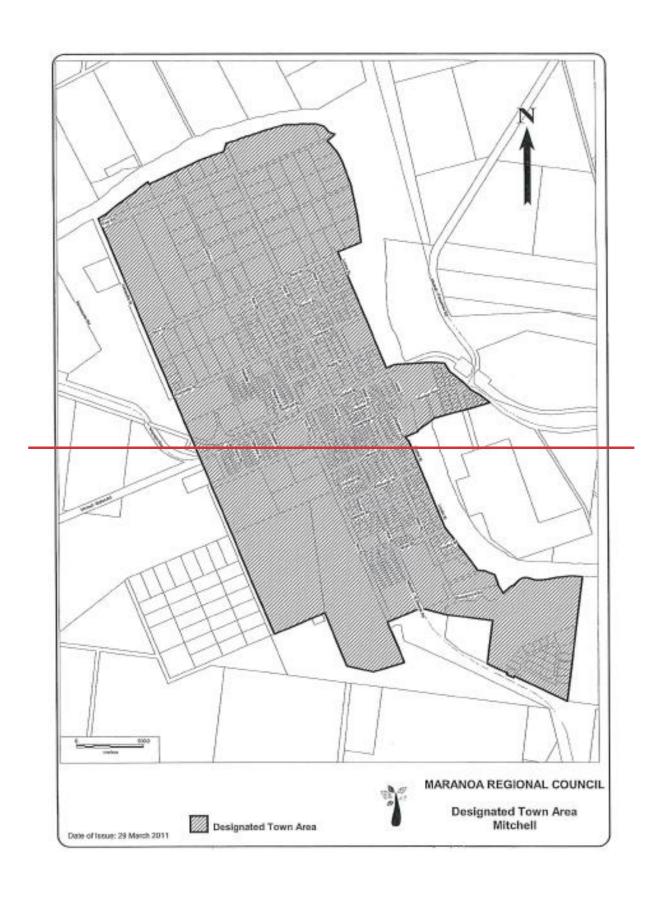
	Column 1 Species or breed of animal	Column 2 Conditions that must be complied with when offering animal for sale
	No species or breed of animal mentioned.	

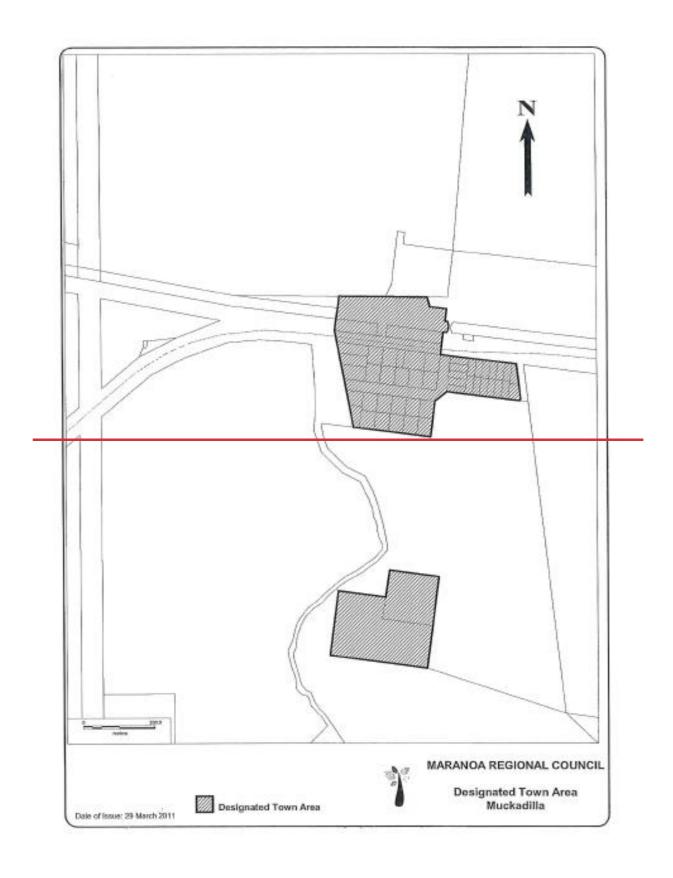
Schedule 13 Designated town area

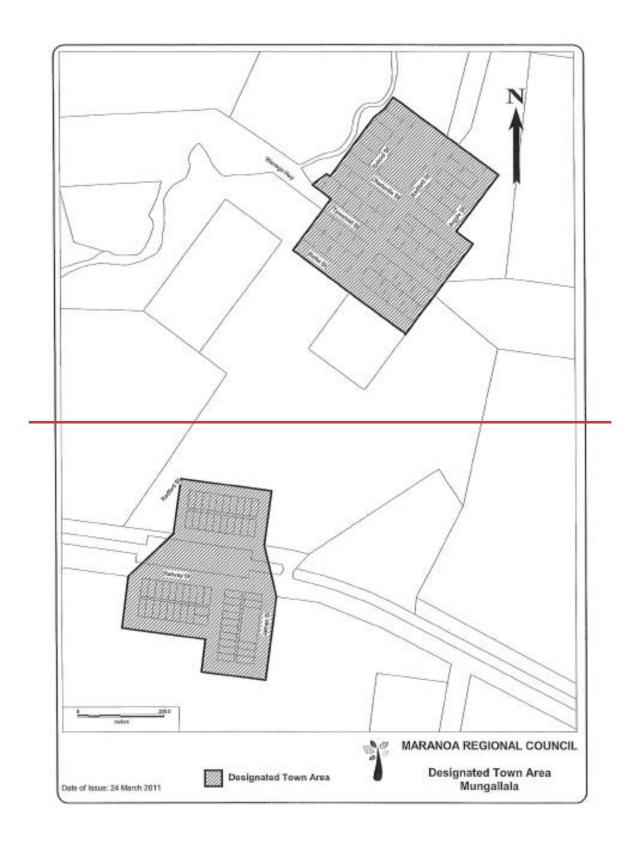




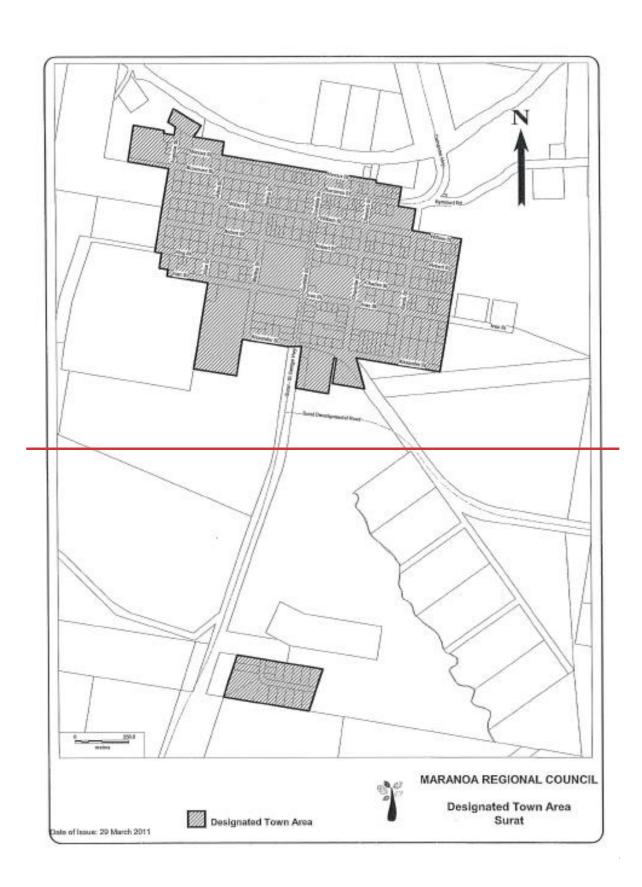


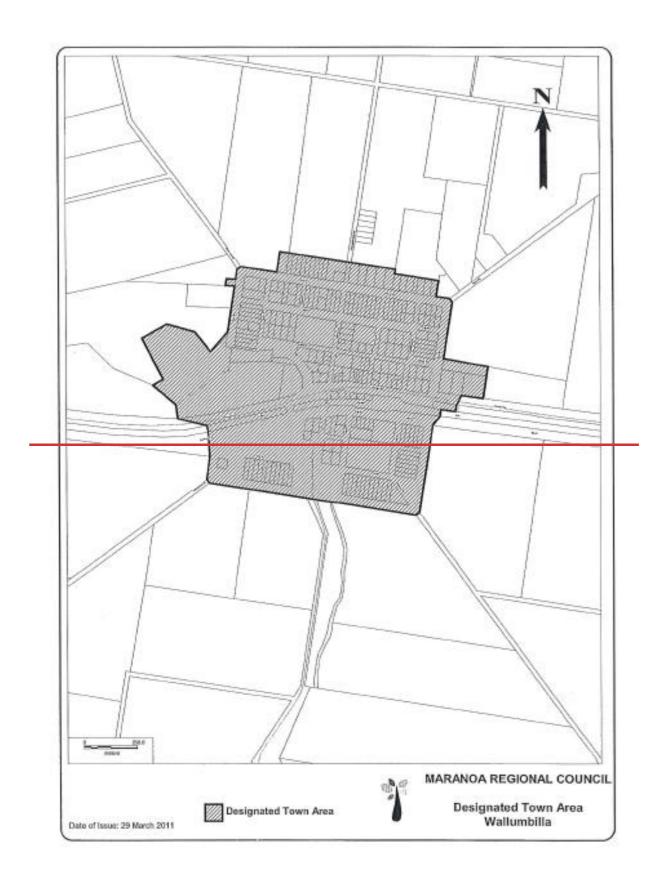




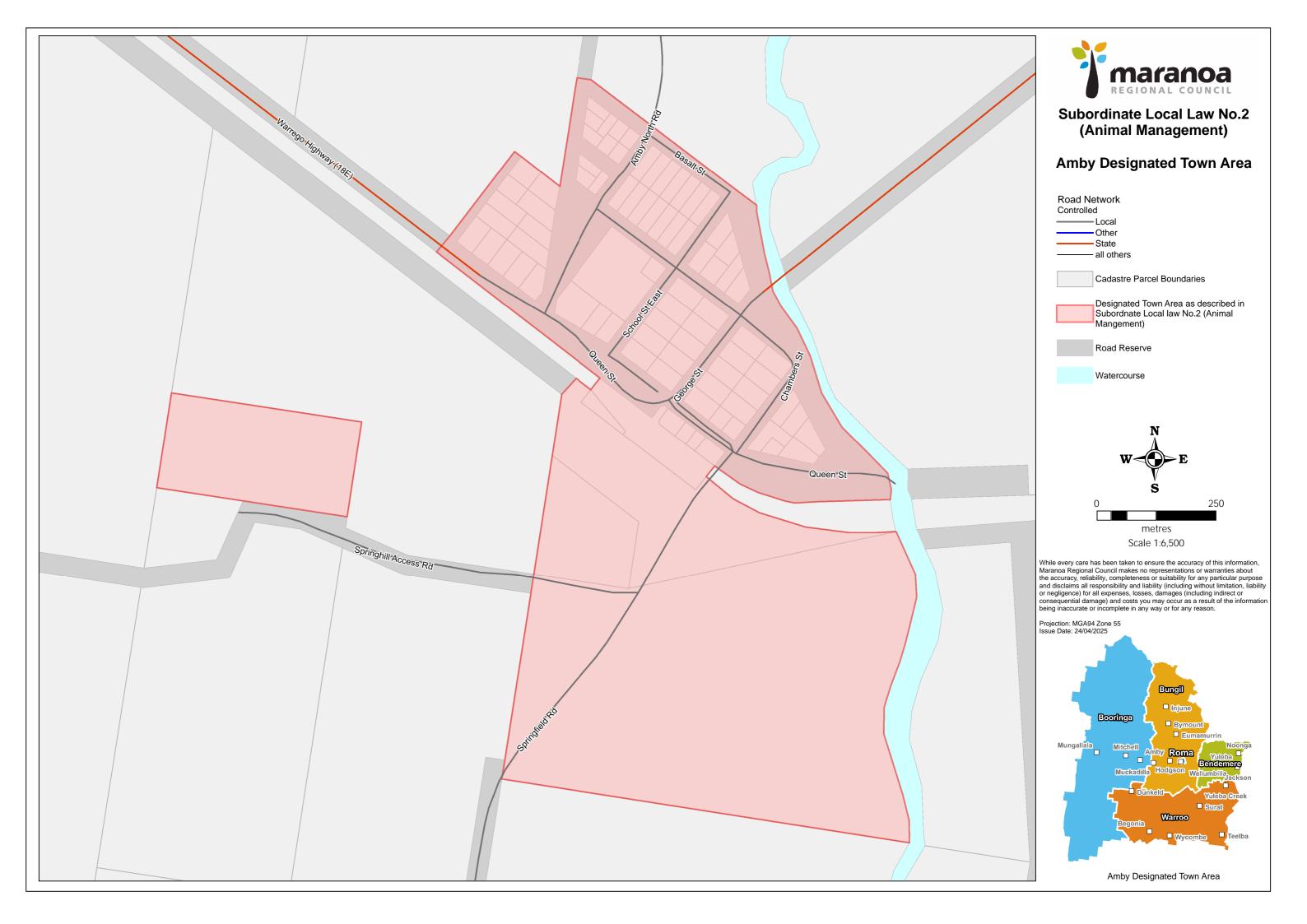


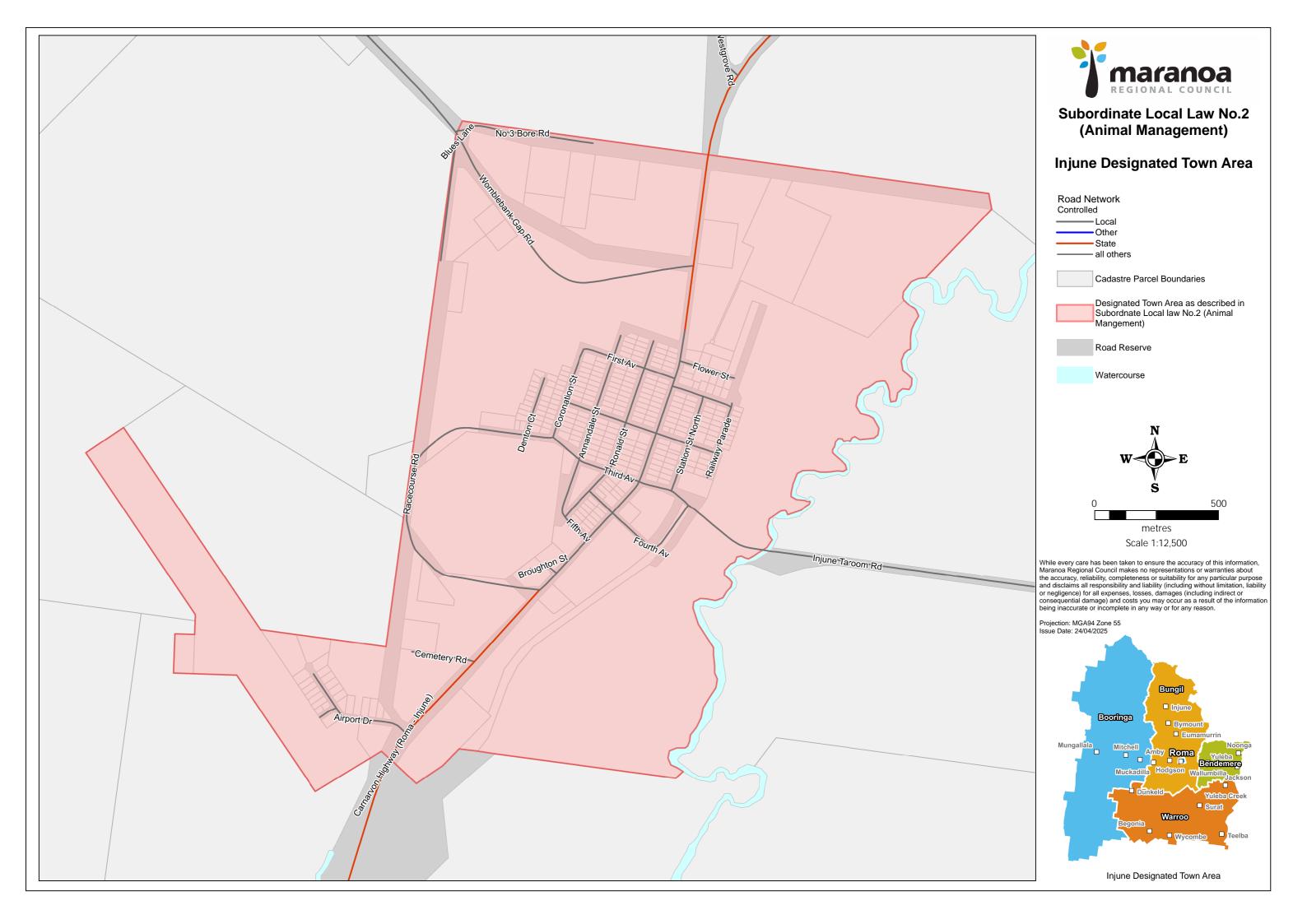


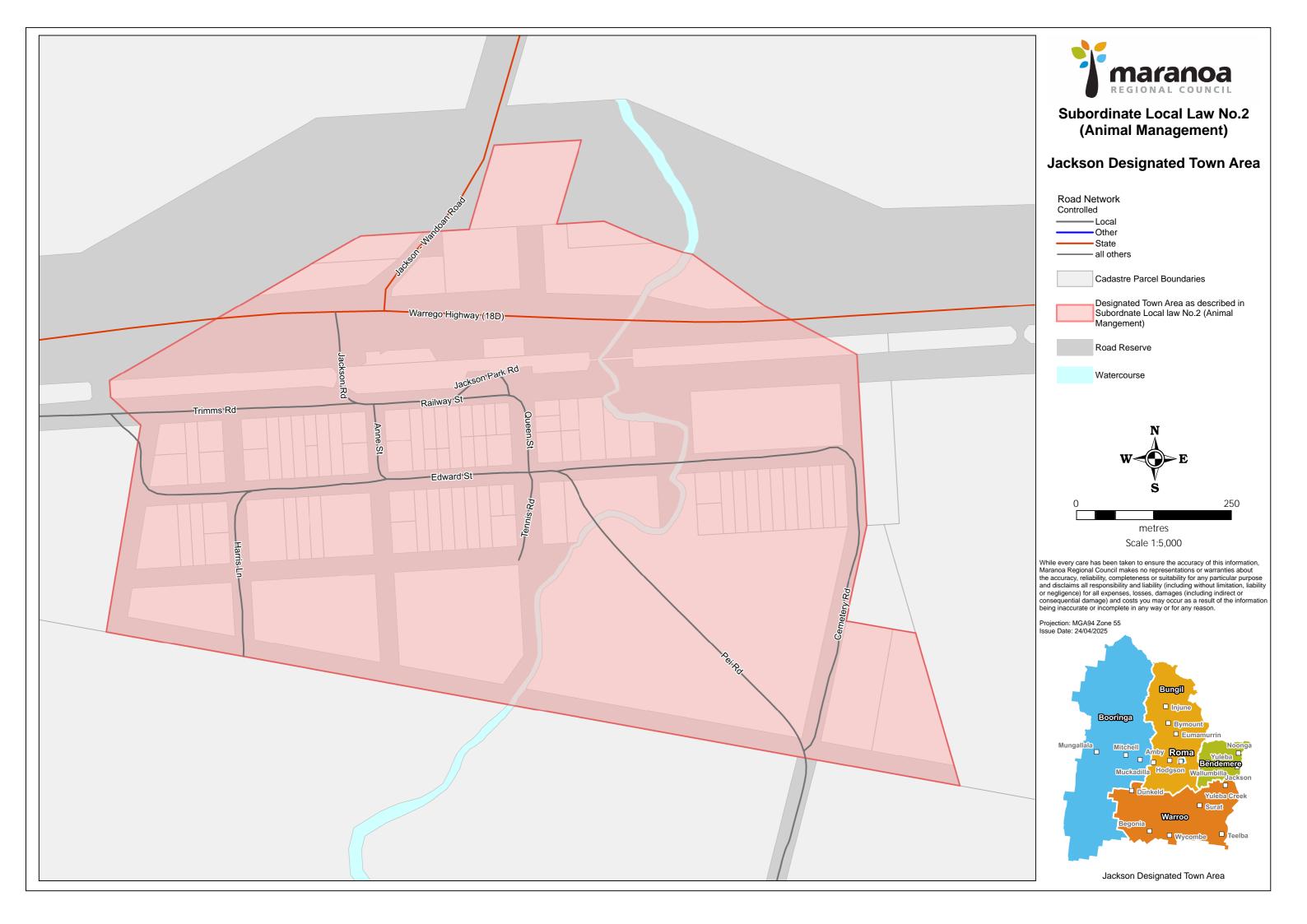


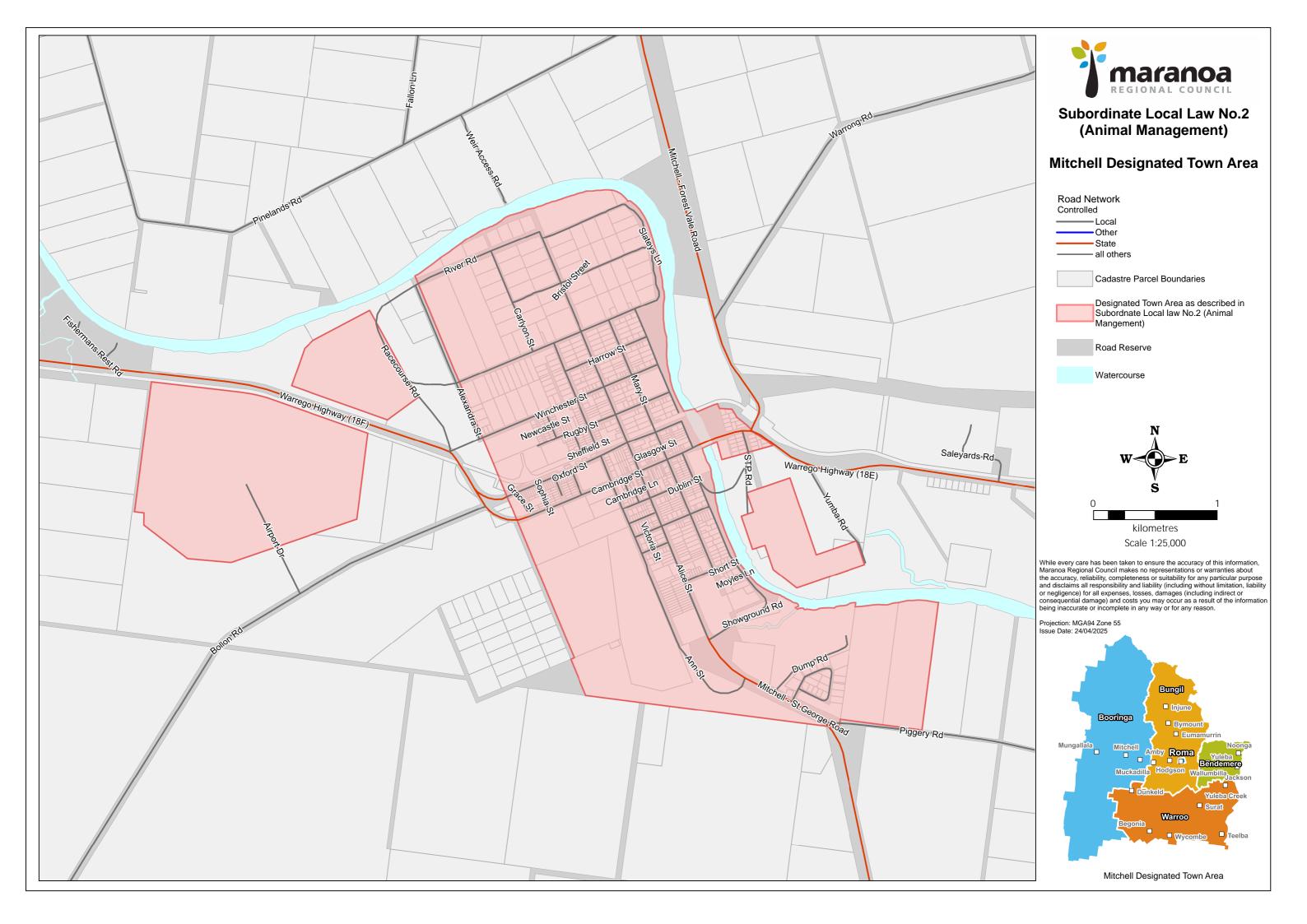


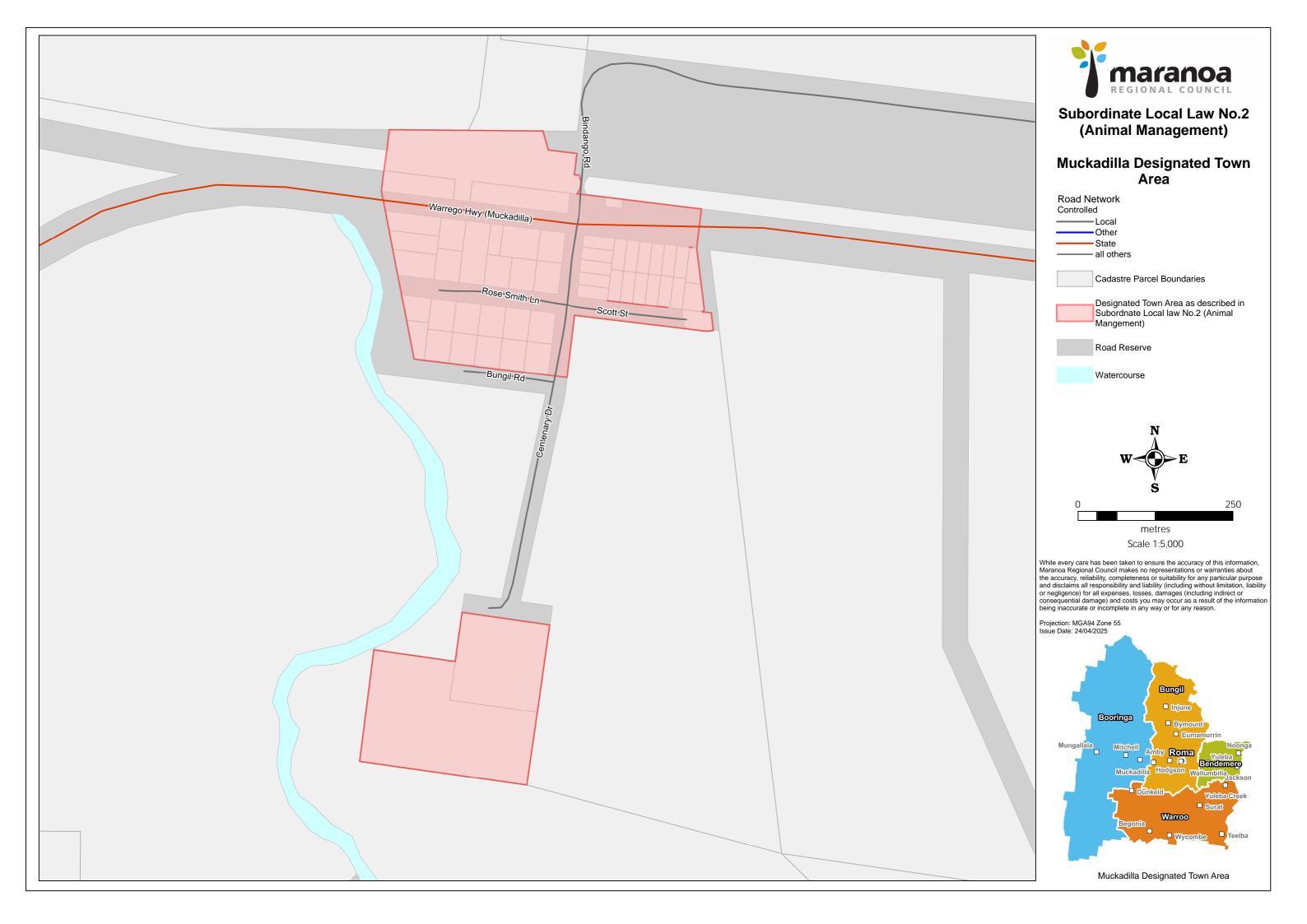


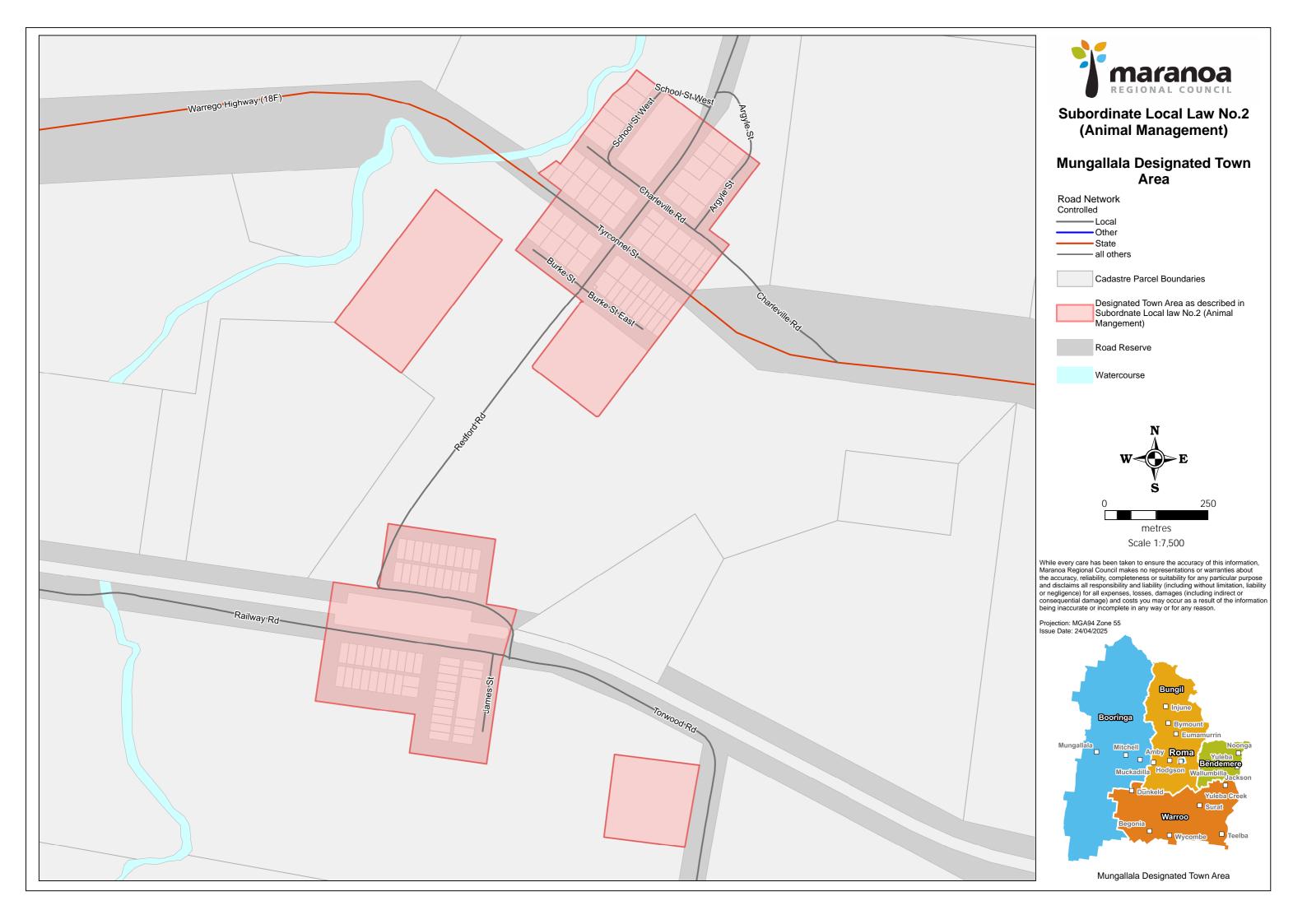


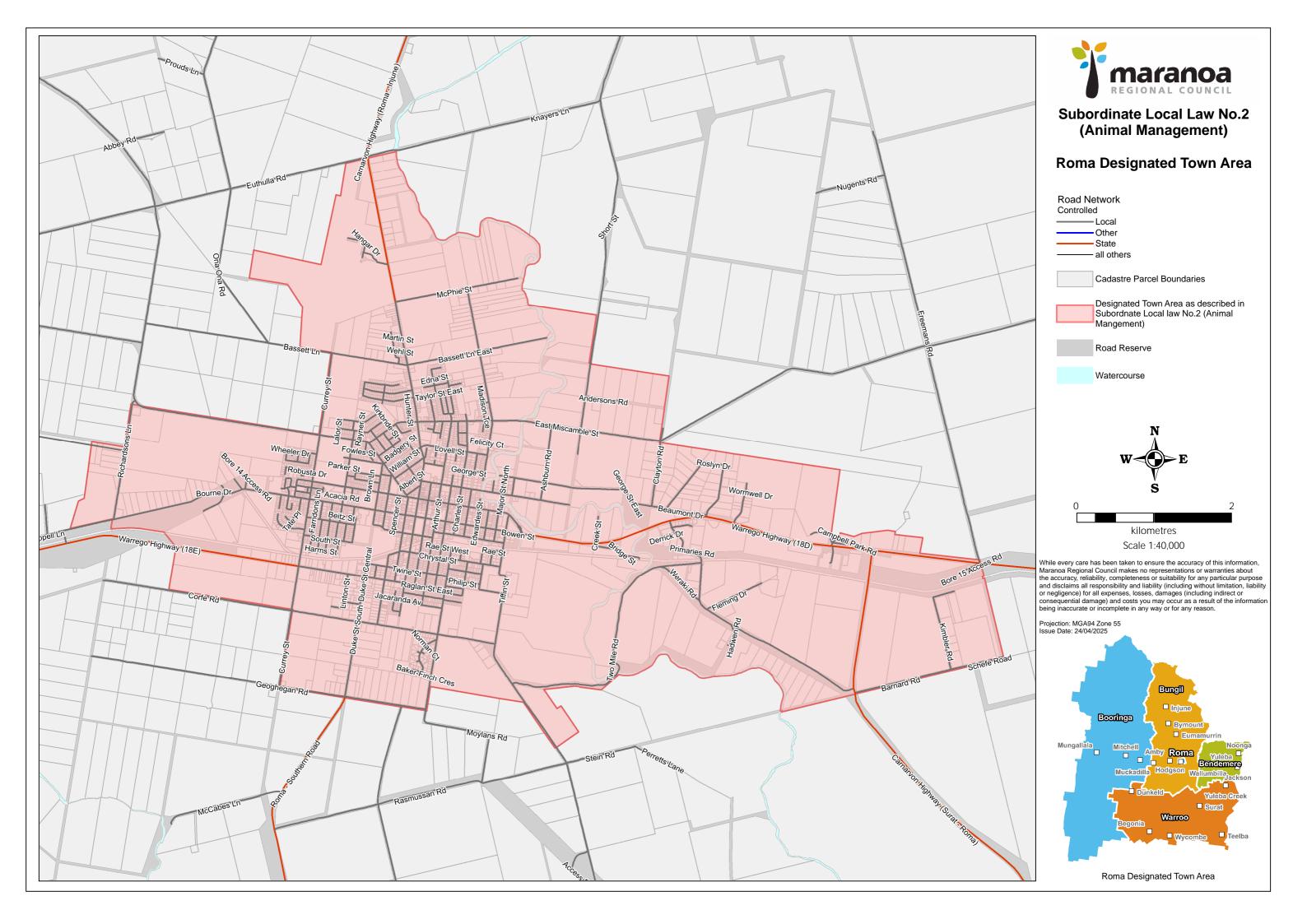


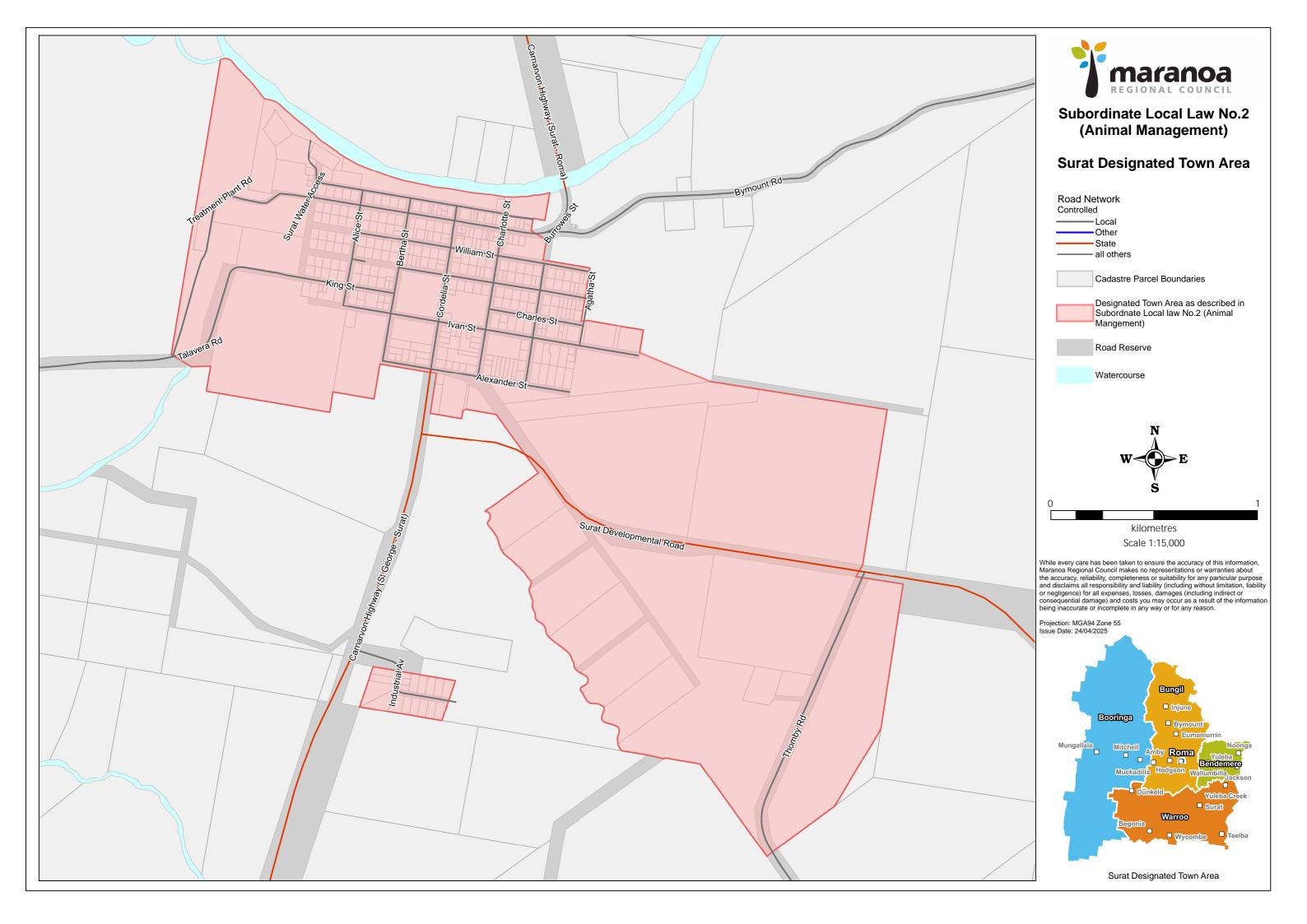


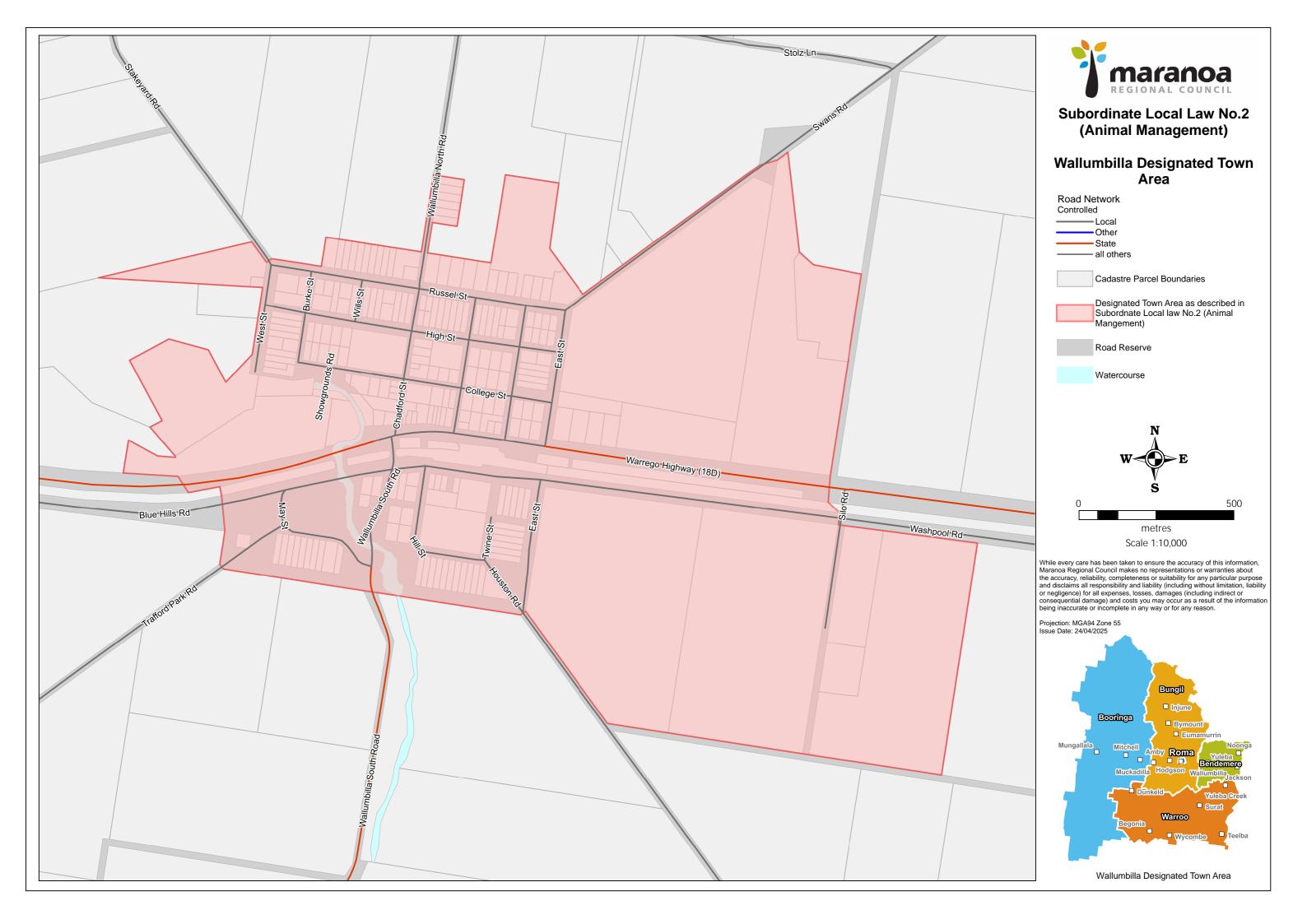


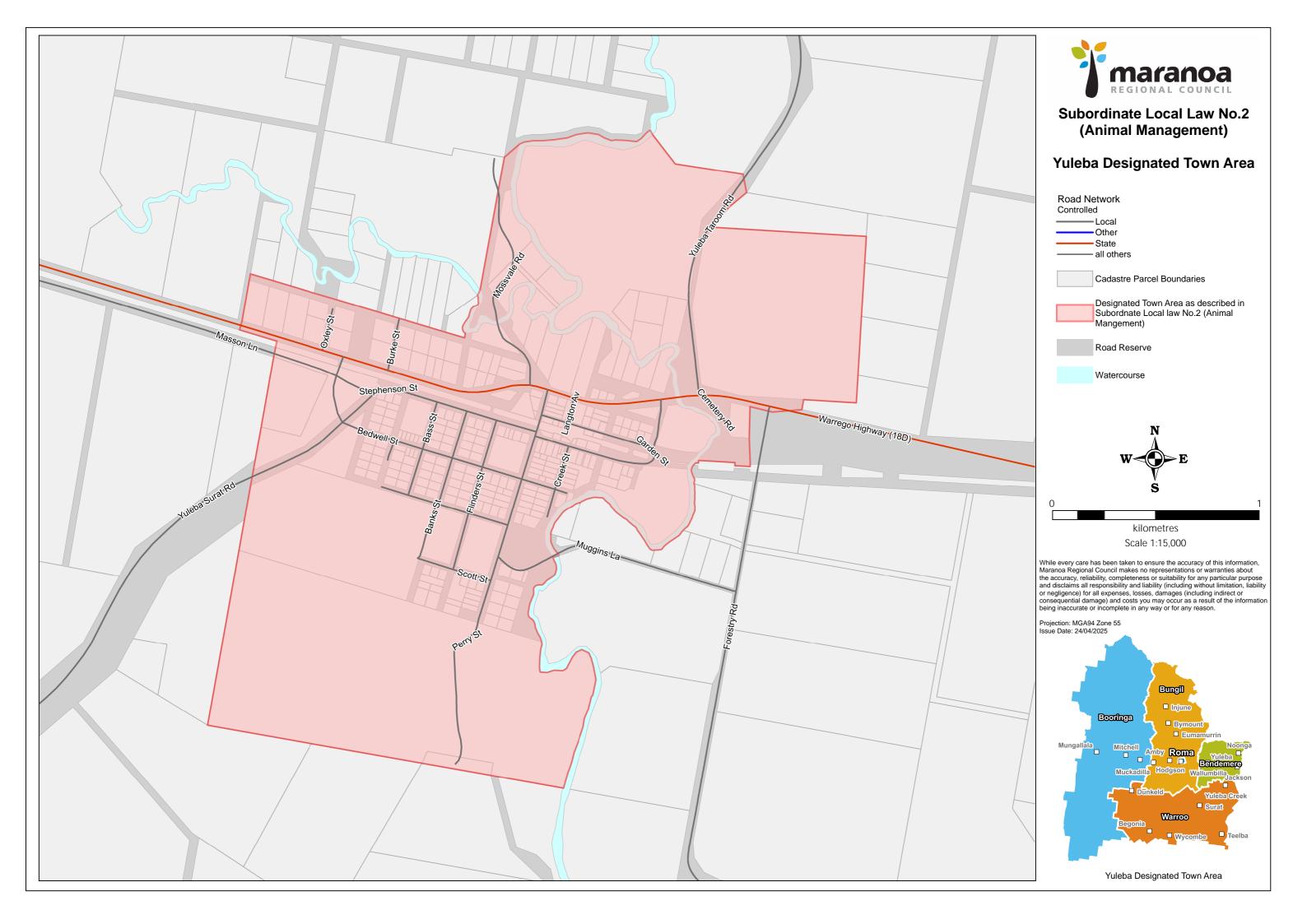












Schedule 14 Dictionary

Section 4

allotment means a single parcel of land, or several contiguous parcels of land where all of the contiguous parcels of land are in -

- (a) the same ownership; or
- (b) the same occupation.

Animal Management Act see Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008.

assistance dog has the meaning given in the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2009.

building has the meaning given in the Building Act 1975.

cat-

- (a) has the meaning given in section 11 of the Animal Management Act; and
- (b) includes a kitten regardless of age.

designated town area means an area identified by a bold line circumscribing an area hatched in black on a map in schedule 13.

destroy, an animal, includes causing it to be destroyed.

dog-

- (a) has the meaning given in section 11 of the Animal Management Act; and
- (b) includes a puppy regardless of age.

domestic purposes means the purposes of-

- (a) human consumption; or
- (b) food preparation; or
- (c) washing; or
- (d) other normal domestic duties.

excess dogs approval means an approval granted by the local government to satisfy the requirement for an approval to keep dogs in the circumstances specified in schedule 2, item 2.

guide dog has the meaning given in the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2009.

handler has the meaning given in the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2009.

hearing dog has the meaning given in the Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2009.

horse includes a pony and a miniature horse.

identifiable animal means an animal-

- (a) wearing an identifying tag issued by the local government; or
- (b) otherwise identified so that the local government is able to ascertain the owner of the animal.

keep (an animal)-

- (a) includes board, breed and train; and
- (b) in the absence of evidence to the contrary, a person is presumed to keep an animal on

land if the person -

- (i) feeds and cares for the animal on the land; and
- (ii) the animal is observed by an authorised person on the land on more than 1 occasion during a month.

land has the meaning given in the Sustainable Planning Act 20092016.

multi-residential premises means -

- (a) a residence which forms part of a group of 2 or more residences in circumstances where 2 or more of the residences of the group are directly adjacent to each other and share-
 - (i) a common wall; or
 - (ii) a ceiling in circumstances where 1 residence is directly under the floor of another residence; and
- (b) a residence situated on a lot which forms part of a community titles scheme as defined in the *Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997*.

Examples of multi-residential premises -

Flats, boarding houses, tenement buildings, home units, townhouses and duplexes.

non-residential premises means premises other than residential premises.

occupier, of premises-

- (a) means the person who has the control or management of the premises; and
- (b) includes the owner of the premises where there is no person in apparent occupation of the premises.

premises means any land, building or structure and includes any part thereof.

registered has the meaning given in the authorising local law.

residence means a building, or part of a building, that is-

- (a) fixed to land; and
- (b) a self-contained unit used by, or intended for the exclusive residential use of, one household.

residential premises means premises used, or intended to be used, predominantly as a place of residence.

stallion means an uncastrated adult male horse.

structure has the meaning given in the Local Government Act 2009.

vehicle has the meaning given in the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act* 1995.

working dog has the meaning given in the Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008, schedule 2.

This and the preceding pages bearing my initials is a certified copy of the consolidated version of Subordinate Local Law No. 2 (Animal Management) 2011 made in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 2009 by Maranoa Regional Council by resolution dated [DATE].