Subordinate Local Law No. 1.4 (Installation of Advertising Devices) 2011

Contents

.....

Part 1	Pre	eliminary	.1	
i art i	1	Short title		
	2	Purpose and how it is to be achieved		
	2	Authorising local law		
	3 4	Definitions		
	4	Demicions	• •	
Part 2	Ар	proval for prescribed activity	.1	
	5	Matters regarding the prescribed activity—Authorising local law, ss 6(3), (4),		
		8(2)(a), 9(1)(d), 10(3), 12, 13(a), 14(1)(a)	. 1	
	6	Approvals that are non-transferable—Authorising local law, s 15(2)		
Part 3	Ар	plication to State-controlled roads	. 2	
	7	State-controlled roads to which the local law applies—Authorising local law,		
		schedule 1	2	
Schedule 1	Ins	stallation of advertising devices	.3	
Schedule 2 Schedule 3	Са	tegories of approval that are non-transferable finitions and prescribed criteria for installation, erection and		
		splay of advertising devices		
	1	Garage sale sign		
	2	Mobile sign	8	
	3	Real estate sign		
	4	Roadside directional sign	10	
Schedule 4	General criteria for installation, erection and display of advertising devices			
Schedule 5 Schedule 6		ate-controlled roads to which the local law applies		

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This subordinate local law may be cited as *Subordinate Local Law No. 1.4* (Installation of Advertising Devices) 2011.

2 Purpose and how it is to be achieved

- (1) The purpose of this subordinate local law is to supplement *Local Law No. 1* (*Administration*) 2011 which provides for a legal and procedural framework for the administration, implementation and enforcement of the local government's local laws, subordinate local laws and other regulatory powers, and for miscellaneous administrative matters.
- (2) The purpose is to be achieved by providing for—
 - (a) various matters regarding the granting of approvals for prescribed activities; and
 - (b) further specification of the definitions relevant to various prescribed activities.
- (3) In particular, the purpose of this subordinate local law is to supplement the legal and procedural framework for the prescribed activity named in schedule 1, section 1.

3 Authorising local law

The making of the provisions in this subordinate local law is authorised by *Local Law No. 1 (Administration) 2011 (*the *authorising local law*).

4 Definitions

- (1) Particular words used in this subordinate local law have the same meaning as provided for in the authorising local law.
- (2) The dictionary in schedule 6 defines particular words used in this subordinate local law.

Part 2 Approval for prescribed activity

- 5 Matters regarding the prescribed activity—Authorising local law, ss 6(3), (4), 8(2)(a), 9(1)(d), 10(3), 12, 13(a), 14(1)(a)
 - (1) Schedule 1—
 - (a) names a prescribed activity in section 1; and
 - (b) prescribes the matters specified in this section for the prescribed activity.
 - (2) For section 6(3) of the authorising local law, it is declared that section 6(2) of the authorising local law does not apply to the particular activities stated in section 2 of schedule 1.

- (3) For section 6(4) of the authorising local law, it is declared that the prescribed activity named in section 1 of schedule 1 is a category 2 activity.
- (4) For section 8(2)(a) of the authorising local law, the documents and materials that must accompany an application for approval for the prescribed activity are stated in section 3 of schedule 1.
- (5) For section 9(1)(d) of the authorising local law, the local government may only grant an approval for the prescribed activity if it is satisfied the proposed operation and management of the activity would be consistent with the additional criteria prescribed in section 4 of schedule 1.
- (6) For section 10(3) of the authorising local law, the conditions that must be imposed on an approval for the prescribed activity are stated in section 5 of schedule 1.
- (7) For section 10(3) of the authorising local law, the conditions that will ordinarily be imposed on an approval for the prescribed activity are stated in section 6 of schedule 1.
- (8) For section 13(a) of the authorising local law, the term of an approval for the prescribed activity is provided for in section 7 of schedule 1.
- (9) For section 14(1)(a) of the authorising local law, the further term for renewal or extension of an approval for the prescribed activity is provided for in section 8 of schedule 1.
- (10) For section 12 of the authorising local law, in Table 1 of schedule 1-
 - (a) column 1 lists the application requirements for which the local government may accept as evidence the certificate of a third party certifier; and
 - (b) column 2 lists the individuals or organisations that are declared to be third party certifiers for the corresponding application requirement in column 1; and
 - (c) column 3 lists the qualifications that are necessary for an individual or organisation to be a third party certifier for the corresponding application requirement in column 1.

6 Approvals that are non-transferable—Authorising local law, s 15(2)

For section 15(2) of the authorising local law, it is declared that the categories of approval listed in schedule 2 are non-transferable.

Part 3 Application to State-controlled roads

7 State-controlled roads to which the local law applies—Authorising local law, schedule 1

For the purposes of the definition of *road* in schedule 1 of the authorising local law, the State-controlled roads listed in schedule 5 are roads to which the authorising local law applies unless otherwise provided in the local law.

Schedule 1 Installation of advertising devices

Section 5

1. Prescribed activity

Installation of advertising devices.

2. Activities that do not require an approval under the authorising local law

- (1) An approval is not required under the authorising local law for the prescribed activity if—
 - (a) the activity is the installation, erection or display of a permitted advertisement that is visible from a road or other public place; or
 - (b) under the planning scheme of the local government, the prescribed activity is identified as—
 - (i) self assessable development; or
 - (ii) code assessable development; or
 - (iii) impact assessable development.
- (2) A permitted advertisement is an advertising device that is visible from a road or other public place which is—
 - (a) defined in schedule 3; and
 - (b) installed, erected and displayed in accordance with the prescribed criteria in schedule 3; and
 - (c) installed, erected and displayed in accordance with the general criteria specified in schedule 4.

3. Documents and materials that must accompany an application for an approval

- (1) Full details of the proposed advertising device including—
 - (a) the name and address of the premises at which the proposed advertising device will be installed; and
 - (b) the name and address of the person responsible for the installation of the advertising device; and
 - (c) the name and address of any business which will be advertised on the advertising device.
- (2) Details of all building work and other work to be carried out under the approval.

- (3) Details of the time and place at which the prescribed activity will be undertaken.
- (4) The proposed term of the approval.
- (5) The impact, if any, of the prescribed activity on pedestrian or vehicular traffic.
- (6) The materials, equipment and vehicles to be used in the undertaking of the prescribed activity.
- (7) Plans and specifications detailing—
 - (a) the location of the proposed advertising device; and
 - (b) each item of equipment to be used in the installation, erection or display of the proposed advertising device; and
 - (c) the type and location of any utility, service or infrastructure to be used in the installation, erection or display of the proposed advertising device; and
 - (d) particulars of the content, design, dimensions and construction of the proposed advertising device; and
 - (e) a site plan, to scale, of the proposed advertising device; and
 - (f) if the applicant is not the owner of the premises on which the proposed advertising device is to be installed, erected or displayed, the consent of the owner of the premises to the installation, erection and display of the advertising device; and
 - (g) a copy of each development approval required for the installation, erection and display of the proposed advertising device; and
 - (h) a pictorial representation of the proposed advertising device.

4. Additional criteria for the granting of an approval

- (1) The conduct of the prescribed activity must not—
 - (a) result in—
 - (i) harm to human health or safety; or
 - (ii) property damage or loss of amenity; or
 - (iii) nuisance; or
 - (iv) obstruction of pedestrian or vehicular traffic; or
 - (v) environmental harm; or
 - (vi) environmental nuisance; or
 - (vii) a potential road safety risk; or

- (b) adversely affect the amenity of the area in which the prescribed activity is to be undertaken; or
- (c) significantly obstruct the view of any premises.
- (2) The installation, erection and display of the proposed advertising device must comply with the general criteria specified in schedule 4.

5. Conditions that must be imposed on an approval

No conditions prescribed.

6. Conditions that will ordinarily be imposed on an approval

- (1) The conditions of an approval may—
 - (a) require compliance with specified safety requirements; and
 - (b) regulate the time within which the prescribed activity must be carried out; and
 - (c) specify standards with which the undertaking of the prescribed activity must comply; and
 - (d) require the approval holder to—
 - (i) carry out specified additional work such as earthwork and landscaping; and
 - (ii) take out and maintain public liability insurance as specified by the local government and produce documentary evidence of the insurance to the local government before commencement of the prescribed activity; and
 - (iii) give the local government specified indemnities; and
 - (iv) maintain structures erected or installed, or vegetation planted, under the approval, in good condition; and
 - (v) remove a structure erected or installed, under the approval, at the end of a stated period; and
 - (vi) exhibit specified signage warning about the conduct of the prescribed activity; and
 - (vii) construct the advertising device from specified materials; and
 - (viii) maintain the advertising device in good order and repair; and
 - (ix) install the advertising device at a specified location, or in a specified manner; and
 - (x) take specified measures to illuminate, or control the illumination of, the advertising device; and



- (xi) restrict the dimensions of the advertising device.
- (2) The conditions of an approval may require the approval holder to take specified measures to—
 - (a) prevent harm to human health or safety of persons involved in, or affected by, the undertaking of the prescribed activity; and
 - (b) prevent loss of amenity or nuisance resulting from the undertaking of the prescribed activity; and
 - (c) ensure that the undertaking of the prescribed activity does not cause unsafe movement or obstruction of pedestrian or vehicular traffic.

7. Term of an approval

- (1) The term of an approval must be determined by the local government having regard to the information submitted by the applicant.
- (2) The term of the approval must be specified in the approval.

8. Term of renewal of an approval

- (1) The term for which an approval may be renewed or extended must be determined by the local government having regarding to the information submitted by the approval holder.
- (2) If the local government grants the application, the local government must specify in the written notice, the term of the renewal or extension.

Table 1 – Third party certification

Column 1 Application requirement	Column 2 Individuals or organisations that are third party certifiers	Column 3 Qualifications necessary to be a third party certifier
No application requirement stated		

Schedule 2 Categories of approval that are nontransferable

Section 6

Every approval for the prescribed activity named in schedule 1, section 1 is non-transferable.

X

Schedule 3 Definitions and prescribed criteria for installation, erection and display of advertising devices

Schedule 1, section 2(2)(a) and (b)

1 Garage sale sign



- (1) A garage sale sign is an advertising device of a temporary nature which—
 - (a) advertises a garage sale; and
 - (b) is displayed for directional purposes.
- (2) The criteria prescribed for a garage sale sign are—
 - (a) the advertising device may only be placed on rateable land other than a public place; and
 - (b) the advertising device must not have a face area in excess of $0.6m^2$; and
 - (c) the advertising device must be located in the vicinity of the garage sale; and
 - (d) the advertising device must be limited to a number reasonably necessary to identify the route to the garage sale; and
 - (e) the advertising device may only be displayed on the day of the garage sale; and
 - (f) the advertising device must not be located so as to cause a pedestrian or vehicular hazard.

2 Mobile sign



- (1) A mobile sign
 - (a) is a temporary portable self supporting sign which is free-standing and may be mounted on wheels to facilitate movement; and
 - (b) includes an A-frame sign and a sandwich board; but

9

- (c) does not include a free-standing sign or a real estate sign.
- (2) The criteria prescribed for a mobile sign are—
 - (a) the face area of the advertising device must not exceed 2.5m² on either side of the advertising device; and
 - (b) the display of mobile signs must not exceed 1 advertising device for each shop or business fronting a road; and
 - (c) where the advertising device advertises a particular shop or business, the advertising device must identify the shop or business; and
 - (d) the advertising device may only be placed on the premises of the shop or business it is advertising or promoting on a local government controlled area or a road if—
 - (i) no part of the advertising device protrudes more than 1m from the street front boundary of the premises; and
 - (ii) the advertising device is not a hazard to pedestrian or vehicular traffic; and
 - (iii) the advertiser takes out and maintains public liability insurance cover in an amount not less than \$10,000,000.00 against claims for personal injury and property damage resulting from the display of the advertising device; and
 - (e) the advertising device must be—
 - (i) placed so as to minimise visual clutter; and
 - (ii) kept erect and maintained in a good state of repair at all times; and
 - (iii) secured so as to prevent danger to pedestrian and vehicular traffic in windy conditions; and
 - (f) the number of face areas of the advertising device must not exceed 2; and
 - (g) the advertising device must not be illuminated.

3 Real estate sign



- (1) A *real estate sign* is a temporary, non-illuminated advertising device which promotes the sale, auction, lease or letting of premises.
- (2) The criteria prescribed for a real estate sign (other than a directional real estate sign) are—
 - (a) the advertising device must not—

- 10
- (i) interfere with the safe and convenient passage of pedestrians; or
- (ii) detract from the amenity of the area in which it is situated or unreasonably obstruct existing views; and
- (b) the advertising device may be double sided; and
- (c) the advertising device must not have a face area in excess of $0.6m^2$; and
- (d) the number of real estate signs displayed at premises must not exceed 1 sign for each agent marketing the premises up to a maximum of 3 signs; and
- (e) as an alternative to paragraphs (b) to (d) inclusive, an advertiser may display 1 sign having a maximum face area of 2.4m² at the premises; and
- (f) the advertising device must not be displayed for-
 - (i) more than 14 days after the sale of the premises identified in the advertising device; or
 - (ii) more than 6 months in any 12 month period; and
- (g) the advertising device must be kept erect and maintained in a good state of repair at all times; and
- (h) if a high fence, foliage or the like obscures the advertising device, it must be located as close as practicable to the street front boundary of the premises.
- (3) The criteria prescribed for a directional real estate sign are—
 - (a) if the advertising device is displayed on land which is not a public place—
 - (i) a maximum of 3 advertising devices may be displayed; and
 - (ii) the face area of each advertising device must not exceed $0.6m^2$; and
 - (iii) the advertising device-
 - (A) must only be displayed on the day on which the premises offered for sale are open for public inspection or offered for sale by auction; and
 - (B) must be located in close proximity to the premises; and
 - (b) the advertising device must not be displayed on a road except subject to approval of an authorised person.

4 Roadside directional sign



- (1) A *roadside directional sign* is an advertising device located on a road related area to advertise an open house day, estate, development or auction of premises which are difficult to locate.
- (2) The criteria prescribed for a roadside directional sign are—
 - (a) the advertising device must—

11

- (i) not have a face area in excess of $0.6m^2$; and
- (ii) be located in the vicinity of the auction, estate, development or openhouse advertised on the advertising device; and
- (iii) not be displayed on a median strip, roundabout, traffic island, pole, post or any other structure on a road reserve except as approved by an authorised person; and
- (b) not more than 5 roadside directional signs may be displayed by a licensed real estate agent; and
- (c) the advertising device must at all times display a reference to the registered real estate office responsible for the display of the advertising device; and
- (d) the advertising device must not cause a hazard to pedestrian or vehicular traffic; and
- (e) the advertising device must not be displayed on a motorway or a limited access road; and
- (f) the advertiser of the advertising device must take out and maintain public liability insurance cover in an amount not less then \$10,000,000.00 against claims for personal injury and property damage resulting from the display of the advertising device; and
- (g) a roadside directional sign may only be placed on a road reserve between 6.00pm on Friday and 6.00pm on the following Sunday; and
- (h) roadside directional signs must be used together, or in sequence, to direct people to premises which are the subject of an auction, estate, development or open-house and must be located within a reasonable distance of the premises.

Schedule 4 General criteria for installation, erection and display of advertising devices

Schedule 1, section 2(2)(c)

- 1. This schedule specifies general criteria for the installation, erection and display of advertising devices.
- 2. The advertising device must—
 - (a) not cause a nuisance; and
 - (b) be kept and maintained at all times in good order and repair, and free of graffiti.
- **3.** The activity being advertised on the advertising device must be able to be lawfully conducted on the relevant premises.
- 4. The advertising device must be structurally sound.
- 5. The display of the advertising device must not cause obstruction of, or distraction to, pedestrian or vehicular traffic.
- 6. The advertising device must be of high design quality.
- 7. The face area of the advertising device must be appropriate for the location.
- 8. The height of the advertising device must be appropriate for the location.
- 9. The advertising device must not cause damage to public infrastructure.
- **10.** The advertising device must be consistent with applicable environmental standards.
- **11.** An illuminated advertising device must not be positioned so as to create glare or a nuisance to pedestrian or vehicular traffic.
- 12. The size and scale of the advertising device, whether attached to a building or freestanding, must be appropriate to the size and scale of the building (if any) and of the premises where it is erected or to be erected and the advertising device must not be oversized so as to detract from or dominate the building, premises or adjacent uses of the land on which it is to be displayed.
- **13.** Where numerous small advertising devices are located adjacent to one another, the number, size, position and height of each advertising device must be limited to avoid visual clutter.
- 14. To avoid visual clutter, where more than 1 tenant or business occupies a building or attached premises, advertising devices located on the building, or free-standing signs, must be harmonious and co-ordinated in size and height.
- **15.** The face area and size of an advertising device must be compatible with predominant land uses, the built environment and the orientation of the premises with respect to adjacent roads and buildings.
- 16. The advertising device must be harmonious with the architectural style and character of the location.¹
- 17. The advertising device must blend with landscaping and street features of the

¹ Where particular areas have unique or special characteristics which may affect advertising device requirements, separate guidelines or variations may be applied.



location.²

RÖ

 $^{^{2}}$ Where additional treatment may enhance the compatibility of an advertising device, such treatment may be required.

Schedule 5 State-controlled roads to which the local law applies

Section 7

Subject to the chief executive's written agreement under the *Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995*, section 66(5)(b), every State-controlled road in the local government area of the local government.

Schedule 6 Dictionary

Section 4

advertiser means a person-

- (a) by whom an advertising device is installed, erected or displayed; or
- (b) whose business or place of business is advertised by an advertising device; or
- (c) who manages and controls, or has power to manage and control, the place at which an advertising device is installed, erected or displayed; or
- (d) who is—
 - (i) the owner of premises or a place on which an advertising device is installed, erected or displayed; or
 - (ii) the occupier of premises or a place on which an advertising device is installed, erected or displayed; or
 - (iii) the owner of a vehicle on which an advertising device is installed, erected or displayed.

advertising device means a structure or device which is visible from a road or other public place and which conveys information or directions of any kind (other than a structure or device displayed pursuant to the authority or requirements of an Act) and the term includes any structure forming part of the advertising device or to which the advertising device is attached or on which it is displayed.

building has the meaning given in the Building Act 1975.

building work has the meaning given in the Building Act 1975.

environmental harm has the meaning given in the Environmental Protection Act 1994.

environmental nuisance has the meaning given in the Environmental Protection Act 1994.

garage sale sign see schedule 3, section 1.

height means the distance measured between the top of an advertising device and ground level directly adjacent to the advertising device.

illuminated, for an advertising device, means that the advertising device has specifically designed internal, or external or both internal and external, means of illumination of the whole or a portion of the advertising device.

land has the meaning given in the Sustainable Planning Act 2009.

limited access road has the meaning given in section 54 of the *Transport* Infrastructure Act 1994.

mobile sign see schedule 3, section 2.

motorway has the meaning given in the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994.

occupier, of premises-

(a) means the person who has the control or management of the premises; and

22

(b) includes the owner of the premises where there is no person in apparent occupation of the premises.

owner, of premises, means the person for the time being entitled to receive the rent for the premises or who would be entitled to receive the rent for it if it were let to a tenant at a rent.

permitted advertisement see schedule 1, section 2(2).

premises means any land, building or structure and includes any part thereof.

public place has the meaning given in the Act.

rateable land has the meaning given in the Act.

real estate sign see schedule 3, section 3.

road has the meaning given in the Act.

roadside directional sign see schedule 3, section 4.

road related area has the meaning given in the *Transport Operators (Road Use Management – Road Rules) Regulation 2009.*

sign see advertising device.

street front boundary ----

- (a) of premises, means the length, measured in metres, along the alignment of the premises abutting a road or abutting an access restriction strip directly between the premises and a road; and
- (b) if premises continuously abut more than 1 road or access restriction strip directly between the premises and a road, the street front boundary dimensions shall be the total length of those boundaries added together; and
- (c) if premises have more than 1 street front boundary that is not continuous, each street front boundary is to be considered separately.

structure has the meaning given in the Act.

vehicle has the meaning given in the local law.

This and the preceding sixteen (16) pages bearing my initials is a certified copy of *Subordinate Local Law No. 1.4 (Installation of Advertising Devices) 2011* made in accordance with the provisions of the *Local Government Act 2009* by Maranoa Regional Council by resolution dated the fourteenth day of December, 2011.

Chief Executive Officer